

Reproduction Revision 2

Biology - Key Stage 3

Reproduction - Lesson 15

Mr Wyatt



Midwives need to know about the following processes. Explain what they are.

Gestation: this is the scientific name for _____. The fertilised egg, or _____, undergoes the process of _____ _____. This develops into a small ball of cells called an _____, then into a _____, then a baby. This takes _____ months.

Birth: the first stage of birth is _____, when the _____ widens to _____. Then there is birth and the baby is born. The _____ _____ is cut. Then stage three is the _____, when the _____ exits the vagina.



Farmers need to know about the following processes. Explain what they are.

Pollination: this is when _____ from the _____ of one flower is transferred to the _____ of another. This can be done by _____ or the _____.

Seed Dispersal: this is when the plant spreads its _____. This can be done by the wind, for example a _____, by the _____, for example a coconut, by _____, for example apples, and by explosion, for example the _____.



Embryologists perform the process of IVF.

What does this involve?

IVF stands for _____. This is when the sperm fertilises the egg _____ the body. This develops into an embryo which can be implanted into the uterus. This can be used to help couples where one person is _____, or _____ couples.

For same-sex couples, if it is two males, they require a _____ who will have the embryo implanted inside her. If it is two females, they will require a _____ to provide the sperm.

