

Spanish

Describing different family members [1/2]

- Use of *tener* (*singular persons*)
- with idiomatic expressions
- *tener que*

Señorita Allinson



agosto

[a]

casa

nada

[nothing]

amar

[to love]

cama



el miedo	fear
el sueño	sleepiness
el éxito	success
la hambre	hunger
el sed	thirst
la suerte	luck
el calor	heat
el razón	reason
encontrar	to find, finding
perder	to lose, losing



TENER

We can use the verb *tener* to say what people have.

Can you remember the different forms of the verb?

'I' form  tengo

'You' form  tienes

'S/he' form  tiene

We can also use this verb to describe emotions or states.

We do this by following *tener* by certain nouns.



Tener + que

To say you have to do something, use the word 'que' after tener.

Tengo que bailar.



I have to dance.

Tienes que bailar.



You have to dance.

Tiene que bailar.



S/he has to dance.



TENER + QUE is followed by the infinitive form of the verb.



Summary

1. The verb 'tener' can mean: **to have/having.**
2. The 'I' form of tener is: **'tengo'**
3. *Tener que* must be followed **infinitive**
by the _____ form of the verb.
4. 'Tengo hambre' is: **'I am hungry'.**
5. 'He is thirsty' is: **'tiene sed'.**

