

German

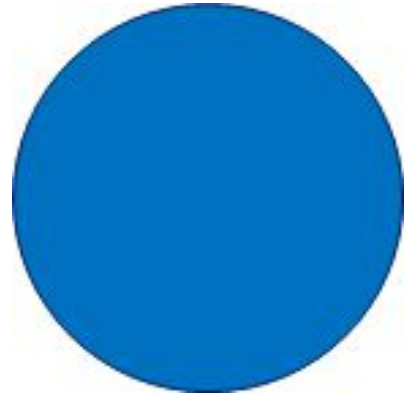
Describing meals at home and on an exchange visit [2 / 2]

- Use of sein and haben in the imperfect

Frau Karmi



rund



Hand



[d]

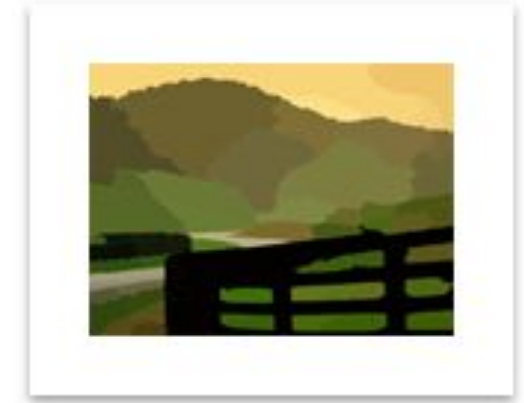


und

Grund

[reason]

Land



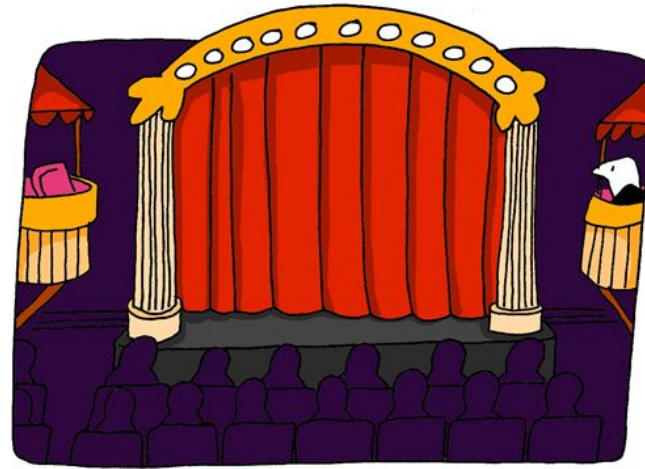
Kind



Theorie

[th]

Methode



Apotheke

Theater

Bibliothek



Thema

[topic]





die Hauptmahlzeit	dinner
das Obst	fruit
das Mittagessen	lunch
das Abendbrot	supper/light evening meal
das Abendessen	dinner
das Lieblingsessen	favourite food



Sein - to be

Sein is an irregular verb in the imperfect (past tense) and is used to say 'was/were'

ich war

I was

er/sie/es war

he/she/it was

wir waren

we were

Note that **ich** and **er/sie** are the same

You also only need to add an **'en'** for the plural of the verb



Haben - to have

Haben is also an irregular verb in the imperfect (past tense) and is used to say 'had'

ich hatte

I had

er/sie/es hatte

he/she/it had

wir hatten

we had

Note that **ich** and **er/sie** are the same

You also only need to add an **'n'** for the plural of the verb



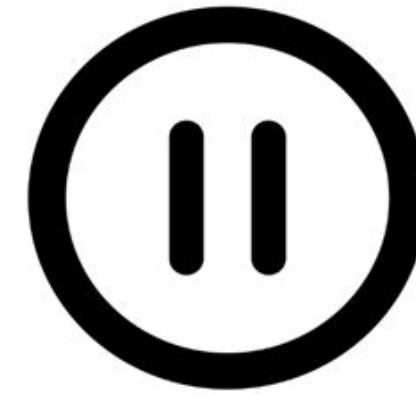
1. My favourite meal was pizza.

2. We had fruit and vegetables.

3. We were thirsty, although we had water.

4. Lunch was tasty.

5. Unfortunately the dinner was expensive.



Translate the sentences into German.



Antwort

1. Mein Lieblingsessen war Pizza.

2. Wir hatten Obst und Gemüse.

3. Wir hatten Durst, obwohl wir Wasser hatten.

4. Das Mittagessen war lecker.

5. Leider war das Abendessen/die Hauptmahlzeit teuer.

Did you get all the forms of haben and sein correct?



Imperfect of sein and haben:

1. The verb sein in the imperfect is WAR
2. The verb haben in the imperfect is HATTE
3. To make war plural add = EN
4. To make hatte plural add = N
5. How do you say: My lunch was tasty, because I had my favourite meal.

Mein Mittagessen war lecker, denn ich hatte mein Lieblingsessen.

