

German

**Describing People and
Discussing Friendships [1 / 3]
- Possessive Adjectives**

Frau Driver



Describing people and using possessive adjectives

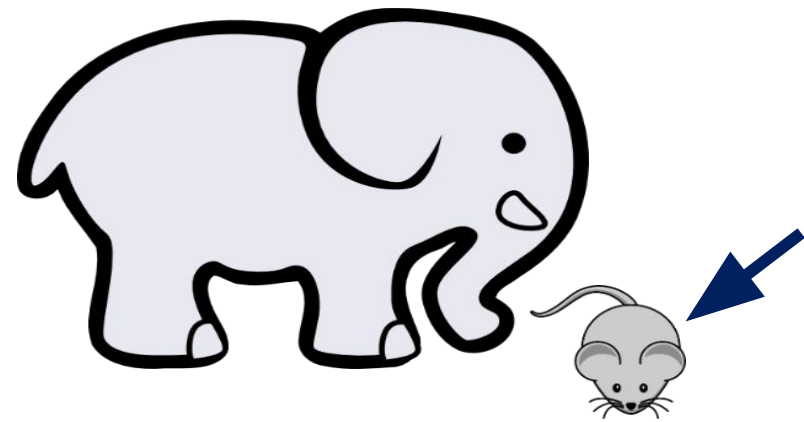
- Phonics focus ([ei] [ie])
- Introducing new vocabulary
- The verb 'sein'
- Using adjectives in the Nominative and Accusative Case
- Revision vocabulary
- Deepening understanding: reading
- Possessive adjectives
- Reading activity
- Writing: translation
- Summarising learning



leider

[unfortunately]

klein



[ei]

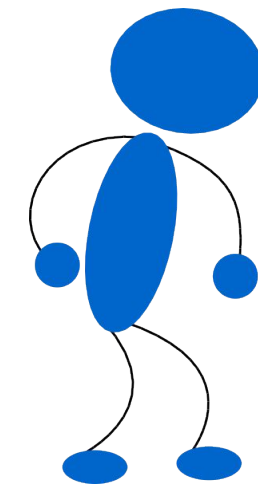
sein

[to be]

ein

1/a

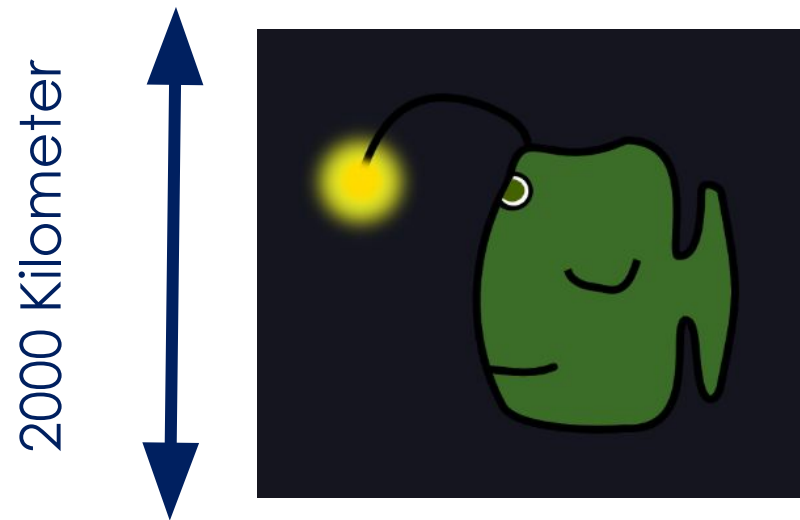
allein



ziehen

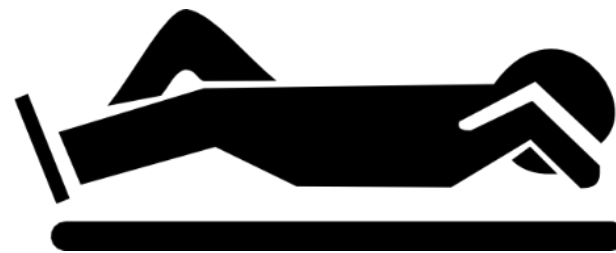


tief

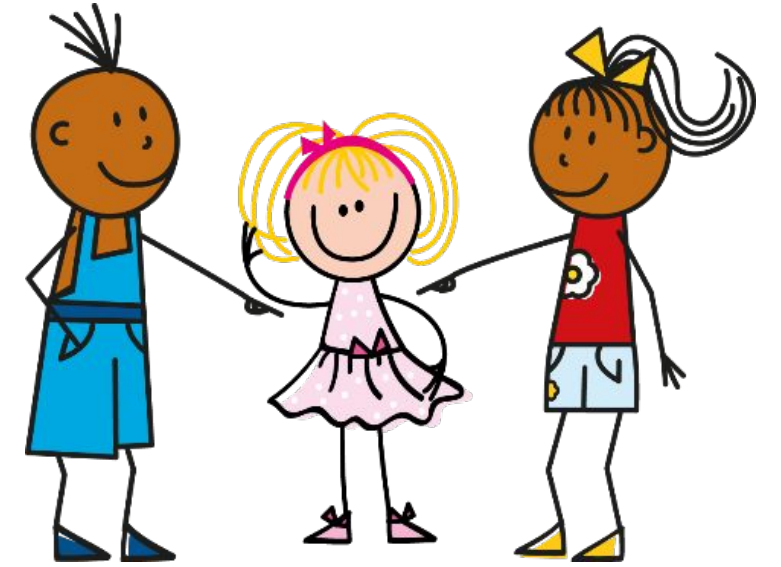


[ie]

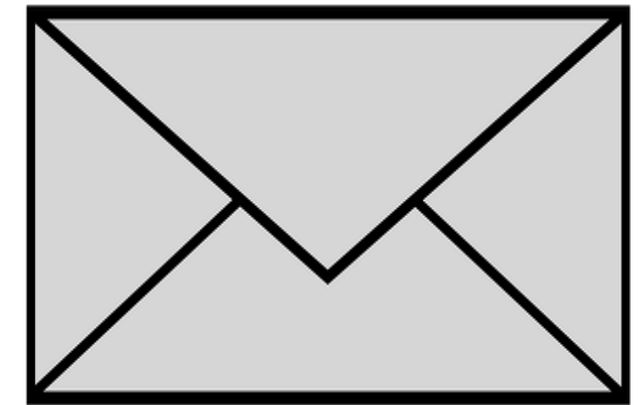
liegen



sie



Brief



dynamisch	dynamic / energetic
ehrlich	honest
hilfsbereit	helpful
kreativ	creative
fleißig	hard-working / diligent
frech	cheeky
lustig	funny
originell	original
eifersüchtig	jealous
langweilig	boring



Using adjectives with *sein*

When you use an adjective by itself with **sein**, it does not need an ending.

Ich bin freundlich

I am friendly

du bist hilfsbereit

You are helpful

er/sie ist kreativ

(s)he is creative



Adjective endings: *Nominative*

When you use an adjective before a noun with **sein**, or when it is the **subject** of the sentence, it needs the Nominative Case endings:

	Nominative Case
Masc.	ein fleißiger er Mann
Fem.	eine fleißige e Frau
Neut.	ein fleißiges es Mädchen

A hard-working man

A hard-working woman

A hard-working girl



Adjective endings - Accusative

Note: only the **Masculine** form changes

When you use an adjective before a noun or as the object of a sentence, and you are not using **sein**, it needs the Accusative Case endings:

	Nominative Case	Accusative Case
Masc.	ein fleißiger Mann	ein ^{en} fleißig ^{en} Mann
Fem.	eine fleißige Frau	eine fleißige Frau
Neut.	ein fleißiges Mädchen	ein fleißiges Mädchen



Summarising Learning

- When you use an adjective before a noun with *'sein'*, or when it is *'subject'* of the sentence, it needs the **Nominative** case.
- If you are not using **sein** and use an adjective before a noun as the object of a sentence, it needs the **Accusative Case**.
- **Possessive adjectives** replace the word for 'the' and shows who or what it belongs to.

