

# Lesson 4: More branches

Computing

**Introduction to Python programming**

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# Worked Example Weather

This is an example of a Python program that you developed earlier. It prompts the user for the weather in a particular location and provides clothing advice accordingly.

```
1 print("What's the weather like?")
2 weather = input()
3 if weather == "cloudy":
4     advice = "No sunglasses"
5 elif weather == "rainy":
6     advice = "Get an umbrella"
7 elif weather == "snowy":
8     advice = "Mittens and earmuffs"
9 else:
10    advice = "No particular advice"
11 print(advice)
```



# Syntax checklist Help with errors

If you encounter an error message, read it and try to fix the problem. Use the list below to check for common errors.

misspelt `if` or `else` (this includes using capitals)

forgot the colon `:` after the `if` condition or after `else`

forgot to **indent** statements in the `if` block or the `else` block

indented `if` or `else` by mistake

used `=` instead of `==` in the condition for `if`, to check if two values are equal

used quotes around the name of a variable

forgot to use quotes around a string literal (like `"snowy"`)



# Testing your program How to

Once you manage to run your program successfully, test it at least once for every possible branch of the `if`, `elif`, `else` statement

**Tip:** In every task, the problem statement includes sample interactions between the user and the program. Use the values provided in these examples to test your program.



# Task 1 People in space

Below is a short program that displays how many people are currently in space.

```
1 from ncce.space import people
2 number = people()
3 print(number, "people in space right now")
```

**Line 1** imports the `people` function from the `space` module, in order to retrieve this information from an online service, so the number of people displayed will not always be the same. **This is not a standard Python component**; it has been created specifically to allow you to perform these tasks.



# Task 1 People in space

**Step 1** - Open this Python program ([oaknat.uk/comp-py-space-40](https://oaknat.uk/comp-py-space-40)) in Repl.it and extend it, so that it asks the user to guess the number of people currently in space.

## Example

**Note:** The number of people in space is retrieved from an online service through the `people` function. **It is not always the same** and the numbers shown here are just an example.

---

The program displays a prompt and waits for keyboard input.

```
How many people do you think are in space right now?
```

The user types in a reply.

```
5
```

The program displays the correct number.

```
8 people in space right now
```



# Task 1 People in space

## Tip

Don't delete or modify any of the existing program statements.

## Tip

Introduce a variable called `guess`, to refer to the number entered by the user.

## Tip

Don't forget that the user's guess should be an integer. You will need to use `int`.

## Tip

Before you proceed to the next step, make sure that you run your program, to verify that there are no errors.



# Task 1 People in space

**Step 2** - Extend the program so that it compares the number of people in space with the user's guess and displays an appropriate message. The next **three** slides show example input/outputs.

## Example

**Note:** The number of people in space is retrieved from an online service through the `people` function. **It is not always the same** and the numbers shown here are just an example.

---

The program displays a prompt and waits for keyboard input.

```
How many people do you think are in space right now?
```

The user types in a reply.

```
8
```

The program displays a message that the user's guess is correct.

```
That's right!  
8 people in space right now
```





# Task 1 People in space

Another example...

## Example

**Note:** The number of people in space is retrieved from an online service through the `people` function. **It is not always the same** and the numbers shown here are just an example.

---

The program displays a prompt and waits for keyboard input.

```
How many people do you think are in space right now?
```

The user types in a reply.

```
5
```

The program displays a message that the user's guess is incorrect, along with the correct number.

```
It's actually more than that  
8 people in space right now
```



# Task 1 People in space

Another example...

## Example

**Note:** The number of people in space is retrieved from an online service through the `people` function. **It is not always the same** and the numbers shown here are just an example.

---

The program displays a prompt and waits for keyboard input.

```
How many people do you think are in space right now?
```

The user types in a reply.

```
9
```

The program displays a message that the user's guess is incorrect, along with the correct number.

```
It's actually fewer than that  
8 people in space right now
```



# Task 1 People in space

## Tip

There are three branches, so use multi-branch selection: `if`, `elif`, `else`.

## Tip

Use `==` to compare if two values are equal.

Use `<` or `>` to compare if a value is less than or greater than another.

